

Saturday, November 29. 1707.

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From the Leiden Gazette, dated November 22.

Vienna, November 9.

ON Sunday last the Emperour caus'd Presents to be made to the Ministers and Domesticks of the Duke of Wolfembutzel, who accompanied and serv'd the Princess Elizabeth hither. And Yesterday they set out to return to Wolfembutzel. All those Persons who are appointed to attend that Princess to Barcelona, are order'd to be ready to set forward by the 20th of this Month; But 'tis believ'd the Journey will be put off for some Time longer, because the Preparations that are making for it cannot be finish'd so soon.

From the Amsterdam Courant, dated Nov. 26.

Vienna, Nov. 12.

'Tis confirm'd from Transilvania, that Count Caroli with 19000 Malecontents has posted himself in the Mountains of Claufenburg; and that General Rabutin design'd to attack him. The Malecontents on the Waag, have within these few Days, lost several hundred Men in Skirmishes. To move the States of Austria to give the Emperour large Subsidies, Baron Seylern Chancellor of the Court, in making the Emperour's Propositions to them told them among other things, that the Affairs of King Charles in Catalonia requir'd powerful and speedy Succours: Whereupon the States gave provisionally a favourable, though general Answer.

Vienna, Novemb. 12. We hear, that the Supply the Emperor asks of the States of the lower Austria, which has not at any time hitherto exceeded 800000 Florins, is now a Million; and the Reasons given them for so large a Demand, is, that at least 20000 Men are wanted to recruit the Imperial Troops, and that 'tis resolv'd to push the War in Spain with new Vigour, by transporting Troops from Italy. The Cardinal of Saxe-Zeyts goes to Presburg next Week, at the Request of the Malecontents, to renew the Negotiations of Peace; and it will soon appear whether they are in Earnest. Many are of Opinion, that the Bulk of the Malecontents being weary of this tedious War, will constrain their Principals to make Peace, and not be seduc'd any longer by vain Promises of help from Poland or France. The Execution of the Treaty made with the Swedes in Silesia, goes on but slowly; because the Roman Catholick Clergy oppose it strenuously, urging that when they have given up to the Protestants the Churches and Livings, they must wander as Exiles and want Bread; But Baron Strahlenheim tells them, that they are always at home wherever they are; that their Tribe find People enough to give them Entertainment; and that whatever becomes of them, sooner or later they must unroof.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Nov. 29.

Vienna, Nov. 16. The Prince Cardinal of Saxe-Zeyts is gone to Presburg, where, or at Tirnau Conferences are to be held for renewing a Treaty of Accommodation with the Malecontents. There are greater Hopes now than ever, that those Conferences will succeed, because for some Time Division and Distrust have increas'd among the Malecontents, on their observing that most of their chief Leaders seek to prolong the War, for no other Reason than to enrich themselves by Pillage, and then to retire with their Booty to France or some other Country where they may be secure.

From the Amsterdam Courant, dated Nov. 29.

Vienna, Nov. 16. The Cardinal of Saxe-Zeyts went hence Yesterday to Presburg, to renew if possible the Negotiation of Peace with the Malecontents. We are inform'd that the chief Leades of the Malecontents (Prince Ragotski excepted) will appear there, and we hope for a happy Issue of their Conferences. The Imperial Commissioners in Silesia, have by an Express acquainted this Court with what pass'd at the opening of the Convention at Lignitz, particularly the Demand made by Baron Strahlenheim Plenipotentiary of the King of Sweden, with the Sentiments of the States thereupon. The Summ of the Matter, is, The Swedes will a-

bate nothing of what was Stipulated with the Emperour touching the Affairs of Silesia: And the Protestant States will contribute nothing to the Support of the Roman Catholick Clergy that are to lose their Benefices. Upon this several Conferences have been held, and some propos'd that the Emperour should by Virtue of his high Authority command the said States to allow the said Clergy some Maintenance; but whether the Swedes would suffer such a Burthen to be laid on the Protestants of Silesia, is a Question; and 'tis fear'd the punctual Execution of the Treaty in every Article will be requir'd: In the mean time, 'twas thought good to send back the Express, with a Resolution from the Emperour, containing a Recommendation to the Commissioners, to regulate every thing with Baron Stahleheim in the best manner possible. An Express is sent to Wurtzburg, earnestly to desire that the Regiment of Dragoons under Colonel Wolskehl in Hungary and the Troops on the Upper Rhine of the Bishop of Wurtzburg, may continue where they are; on a Promise that the Arrears due to them shall be forthwith paid. According to several Advices from Hungary, the Malecontents grow every Day more weary of the War, and many that had taken up Arms are return'd home: This give Hope, that they may be wrought upon in the renew'd Negotiation to hearken to easie Terms of Accommodation.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Nov. 29.

The Advices from Prague in Bohemia are that the States of that Kingdom being lately Assembled there, the Emperor's Commissioner made a Speech to them, in which after setting forth the great Progresses made in the Kingdom of Naples and in Piemont by the Arms of his Imperial Majesty, he ask'd of them a large Supply to enable him to make yet greater Efforts the ensuing Campaign against the Enemy. The States answer'd, That they would assist the Emperour more effectually than hitherto, with Troops, Horses, and Provisions.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Decemb. 2.

Letters from Bressia of the 17th of November, assure us, that the Imperialists will only hold themselves on the Defensive in Italy the next Campaign, that they may reinforce considerably the Army on the Upper Rhine, and also send powerful Succours to King Charles III in Catalonia.

From the Amsterdam Courant, dated Nov. 29.

Nuremberg, Nov. 22. Letters from Turkey advise, That Count Marfigli Envoy of the King of France, us'd all imaginable Endeavours to engage the Grand Signior to break with the Emperour, laying before him several Arguments, particularly that it is now the right Time to regain all that the Porte lost in the last War, while the Emperour is sufficiently employ'd on all Hands, and can have no Assistance from his Allies. That the Grand Signior held a great Council of War upon this, at which all the Bashaws and Officers of the first Rank appear'd: That 'twas not known what was resolv'd in that Council; but that Orders were issu'd for building new Fortresses on the Frontiers, even on the Emperour's Territories. Upon this Advice, a great Council was held at the Court of Vienna the 13th of this Month; in which among other things it was resolv'd that M. Lackeviz, as Interpreter of the Emperor, should be sent with ample Instructions to the Frontiers, to do all he can to dispose the Turks to maintain the Peace with his Imperial Majesty. Count Mercy, representing that Baron Harfch Governour of Fribourg is made a Lieutenant General before him, is gone to complain at Vienna.

From the Paris Gazette, dated Nov. 26.

Hamburg, Nov. 11. A Report is current, that the King of Sweden is dispos'd to make Peace with the Muscovites, on Condition the Czar will restore to him all the Places he has taken from him, pay him 8 Millions for the Damages he has done in his Dominions and for the Charge of the War, and discharge all the German Troops that he has in his Service.

From the Amsterdam Courant, dated Nov. 17.

Dresden, Nov. 7. 'Tis rumour'd here and in other Places,

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Places, that a Peace is negotiating between the King of Sweden and the Czar of Muscovy: Several Letters speak of it, yet we suspend our Belief, because the Muscovite Ministers residing at Vienna and Berlin say the contrary, and because the Swedish Officers affirm openly that their King will make no Peace with the Czar but on the same Foot as that with King Augustus. In the mean time the Swedes suffer so much for Want of Provisions, that many Letters say they have resolv'd to send 14000 Men back to Silesia, to winter there, and see the Treaty with the Emperour compleatly perform'd, while the Swedish Ministers press the making good of the Article of that Treaty which is in favour of the House of Holstein-Gottorp. In short, some are of Opinion, that whether the Treaty be intirely executed or not, the Swedes must of Necessity send Part of their Forces back to Silesia, finding they cannot subsist them all in Poland; tho' in that Case 'tis to be suppos'd of Course they will keep good Discipline, and pay the Inhabitants ready Money for what they are furnish'd with.

From the Amsterdam Courant, dated Nov. 19.

Dresden, Nov. 11. This Morning an Express from Poland arriv'd at Court, with Letters from the Czar of Muscovy for King Augustus: Some will have it still, that a Peace is treating between the King of Sweden and the Czar; but 'tis only Conjecture. The Pope's Nuncio in Poland has sent an Account hither, that the Primate of the Kingdom and the Vice-Chancellor his Brother were retir'd to Lemberg for the Security of their Persons; that the Suffragan of Chelm had by Force of Arms procur'd himself to be chosen Administrator of the Archbishoprick of Gnesna, and had thereupon turn'd out the Officers appointed by the Primate and put in others; and that he disposes of Affairs Spiritual and Temporal as he sees good: 'Tis expected the Adherents to the Swedes will proceed in the same Manner at Cujavia, whose Bishop is retir'd to Lithuania. They write from Breslau, that the King of Sweden had by his Minister Baron Strahlenheim renew'd his Threats to return into Silesia and see the Treaty agreed fully executed. The Plague is spread from Cracow into Upper Silesia: Our Government is about giving Order for cutting off all Communication with those Parts.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated Nov. 22.

From Germany they write, That Brigadier Bieleke, who was formerly in the Service of France, arriv'd lately at Hambourg, with Commissions from the King of Sweden and King Stanislaus to raise there 4 Regiments, that is to say 1 of Grenadiers, 1 of Foot, 1 of Horse, and 1 of Dragoons, which are to have their Quarters in the Territory of the Duke of Mechlenbourg-Swerin, according to Agreement between him and the King of Sweden. The Brigadier had communicated his Orders to the Magistrates.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Nov. 29.

Dantzick, Nov. 17. Our last Advices from the Army of the King of Sweden left him still encamp'd the 14th at Slopza. Three Months within 4 or 5 Days being already elaps'd of the fix, in which it was stipulated that the Treaty between the Emperour and the King of Sweden relating to Silesia should be intirely executed, and little Advance being yet made towards it, many are of Opinion that his Swedish Majesty will take an Occasion to send back a Detachment into Silesia, to compel the Roman Catholick Clergy to obey the Emperour's strict Orders for restoring the Protestants to their Churches, and other religious Rights. Commissioners are come hither from the King of Sweden to make an exact Inquiry, what Churches did formerly belong to the Protestants throughout Poland and Lithuania, his Majesty intending to demand the Restitution of them of the first general Diet of Poland.

From the Amsterdam Gazette, dated Decemb. 2.

Letters from Upper Poland, tell us the King of Sweden had detach'd some Regiments to take Quarters in Prussia; and that 'twas rumour'd his Majesty design'd to go in Person to Dantzick with King Stanislaus, there to hold a Diet.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Novemb. 18,

Paris, Nov. 11. 'Tis reported that M. de Monasterole, Brother of the Elector of Bavaria's Envoy

at this Court, has had Audience of the King of Sweden in Quality of Ambassador of his Electoral Highness; that he besought his Swedish Majesty not to consent to the Dismemb'ring of the Upper Palatinate; and that he promis'd he would not consent to it, and would send Orders accordingly to his Ministers, with the Diet at Ratisbon.

From the Leiden Gazette, dated Nov. 29.

Letters from the King of Sweden's Camp at Slopza tell us, that the Marquis de Rochegude being come thither on the Part of the Protestant Swiss-Cantons, had Audience of the King of Sweden; and besought him in the Name of the said Cantons, to condescend to use his Interest with the King of France, that the Protestants who have so long been detain'd in the Gallies for the sake of their Religion, may be set at Liberty. The Letters do not inform us what Answer his Swedish Majesty return'd to this Proposition.

Hague, Dec. 2. The Council of State having made out the Establishment of Land-Forces for the next Year, have sent it to the several Provinces for their Consent. This Establishment is the same with that of last Year, without any Addition of Troops, except the States Contingent of the Saxons that serv'd the latter Part of the past Campaign on the Upper-Rhine: Tho' those Troops are not made an Additional Charge on the Establishment, because the States pay their Share for them out of the Money rais'd by Contributions. Their High Mightinesses will take care to fill up all their Regiments compleatly against the next Spring, and look upon that as no inconsiderable Augmentation on their Part: And, we are told, propose to increase, on Occasion, their Forces that are to serve in the Field, by drawing out of their Frontier Places the regular Troops, and committing the Guard of those Places to Militia, during the Time the grand Army is abroad and of course covers their Frontiers. The Troops of Hesse Cassel, which are recall'd from the Assistance of the Duke of Savoy, will be a further Addition to the Forces on this Side; and 'tis said they are to be quarter'd in the Country of Liege. We hear the Emperour has refus'd to grant Passageto those Hessians through Tirol: And that the D. of Savoy makes Complaint, tho' with great Modesty, of being depriv'd of the said Troops as well as of the Palatines.

London, November 29.

Her Majesty's Ship the Experiment is arriv'd from Jamaica at Spithead.

AT the Theatre Royal in Drury-Lane, this present Saturday, being the 29th of November, will be Reviv'd an Opera call'd, The Island Princess; or, The Generous Portuguese. The part of Armasia to be perform'd by Mr. Powell. And the Vocal Musick by Mr. Leveredge, Mr. Hugh, Mr. Ramondson, Mr. Laurence, Mr. Renton, and others. With Dancing by Monsieur Chénier, Mrs. Santlow, Monsieur Legarr, and Miss Norris his Scholar.

AT the Queen's Theatre in the Hay-Market, this present Saturday, being the 29th of November, will be presented a new Tragedy call'd, The Royal Convert.

An Entire Free hold Estate, Tythe-free, in Hertfordshire, 26 Miles from London and near 3 Market-Towns, about 120 l. a Year, with a good Mansion and Farm-House, Barns, Stables, Dove-House, and other Out-Houses, a Garden, Orchards, and Walks well Planted, to be Sold Enquire of Mr. Moses Jermyn at the Crown in St. Paul's Church-yard, near Watling-street, and you may be further inform'd.

Dropt from a Gentlewoman's Watch, on Sunday the 23d Instant, a Gentleman's Picture in a Locker. Whoever has found it is desir'd to bring it to Mr. Baker's, Bookseller, at Mercer's Chappel in Cheapside shall have a Guinea Reward.

Officina Shrewsburiana: Or, A Catalogue of valuable Greek, Latin, English, and French Books, excellent in each Faculty and Science, and in all Volumes, fairly bound, many gilt and letter'd on the Back, being the Stock of Mr. Wm Shrewsbury Bookseller deceas'd, which will continue to be Sold by Auction at Tom's Coffee-house adjoining to Ludgate, this Day the 20th Instant, beginning Number 319. Page 34. with the English Octavo's. Beginning every Evening at 5 a Clock, till the Sale is ended. Catalogues may be had at Mr. Helme's in Westminster-Hall, Mr. Brown's without Temple-Bar, Mr. Clement's in St. Paul's Church-yard, Mr. Strahan's over-against the Royal Exchange, and at the Place of Sale.

At Grigsby's Coffee-house in Threadneedle-street behind the Royal Exchange, on Wednesday next being the 3d of December 1707, will be Sold by Auction the Library of the late Wm Roebey, Esq, being an Excellent Collection of English Books, from 4 till 9 in the Evening, and will be continued daily till all the Books are Sold, by Joseph Shelton, Bookseller. Catalogues are to be had at Mr. Parkhurst's at the Bible and 3 Crowns in Cheapside, Mr. Pool's under the Piazza of the Royal Exchange, Mr. Archer's in Henrietta-street, Covent-Garden, and at Grigsby's Coffee-house the Place of Sale.

On Monday will be Publish'd,

An Account of the Earl of Peterborough's Conduct in Spain, chiefly since the raising the Siege of Barcelona, 1706. To which is added, The Campaign of Valencia, with Original Papers. Printed for Jonah Bowyer at the Rose in Ludgate-street.